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# **qpformat Documentation**

***Release 0.11.0***

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Qpformat is a Python3 library for opening quantitative phase imaging data file formats. This is the documentation of qpformat version 0.11.0.



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CHAPTER  
ONE

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## INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Why qpformat?

There is a multitude of phase-imaging techniques that inevitably comes with a broad range of quantitative phase imaging (QPI) file formats. In addition, raw data, such as digital holographic microscopy (DHM) images, must be preprocessed to access the phase encoded in the interference pattern. Qpformat provides a unified and user-friendly interface for loading QPI data. It is based on the [qpimage](#) library and thus benefits from its hdf5-based data structure (e.g. elaborate background correction, meta data management, and transparent data storage). Furthermore, qpformat can manage large datasets (e.g. many holograms in one folder) without running out of memory by means of its lazily-evaluated *SeriesData* class.

### 1.2 Supported file formats

Class	Storage type	Description
<i>SeriesFolder</i>	<i>multiple</i>	Folder-based wrapper file format
<i>SeriesHdf5SinogramField</i>	<i>field</i>	sinograms extracted from Meep/FDTD simulations
<i>SeriesHdf5HyperSpyhologram</i>		HyperSpy hologram series (HDF5 format)
<i>SeriesHdf5Qpimage</i>	<i>phase,amplitude</i>	Qpimage series (HDF5 format)
<i>SeriesHdf5Qpimage</i>	<i>phase,intensity</i>	Subjoined qpimage series (HDF5 format), may contain other data
<i>SeriesZipTifHolo</i>	<i>hologram</i>	Off-axis hologram series (zipped TIFF files)
<i>SeriesZipTifPhasics</i>	<i>cphase,intensity</i>	Phasics series data (zipped “SID PHA*.tif” files)
<i>SingleHdf5Qpimage</i>	<i>phase,amplitude</i>	Qpimage single (HDF5 format)
<i>SingleNpyNumpy</i>	<i>multiple</i>	Numpy complex field or phase data (numpy binary format)
<i>SingleTifHolo</i>	<i>hologram</i>	Off-axis hologram image (TIFF format)
<i>SingleTifPhasics</i>	<i>phase,intensity</i>	Phasics image (“SID PHA*.tif”)



## GETTING STARTED

### 2.1 Installing qpformat

qpformat is written in pure Python and supports Python version 3.6 and higher.

To install qpformat, use one of the following methods (package dependencies will be installed automatically):

- from PyPI: `pip install qpformat`
- from sources: `pip install -e .`

### 2.2 User API

Qpformat supports *several file formats* that are categorized into `qpformat.file_formats.SingleData` (the experimental data file format contains only one phase image) and `qpformat.file_formats.SeriesData` (the experimental data file format supports multiple phase images). From these base classes, all data file formats are derived. The idea is that experimental data is not loaded into memory until the `get_qpimage` method is called which returns a `qpimage.QPImage` object.

#### 2.2.1 Basic Usage

To extract the (unwrapped) phase from a DHM image, use the `qpformat.load_data()` method. The file format type is determined automatically by qpformat.

```
import qpformat
# The data are not loaded into memory, only the meta data is read
dataset = qpformat.load_data("/path/to/hologram_image.tif")
# Get the quantitative phase data (a qpimage.QPImage is returned)
qpi = dataset.get_qpimage()
# Get the 2D phase image data as a numpy array
phase = qpi.pha
```

The object `qpi` is an instance of `qpimage.QPImage` which comes with an elaborate set of background correction methods. Note that `qpformat.load_data()` accepts keyword arguments that allow to define the setup metadata as well as the hologram reconstruction parameters.

## **2.3 Command-line program “qpinfo”**

This command-line program allows checking whether a file (or directory) contains quantitative phase data with a file format supported by qpformat.

```
usage: qpinfo [-h] path
```

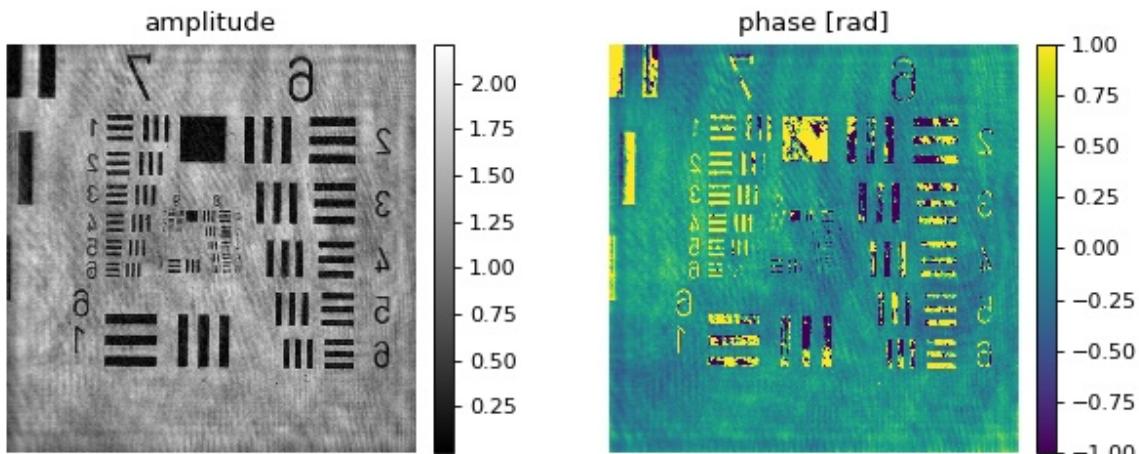
The command yields the type of the format, the corresponding class name in qpformat, as well as the meta data associated with the dataset (e.g. wavelength, pixel size).

## EXAMPLES

### 3.1 Hologram from tif file

This example illustrates how to retrieve phase and amplitude from a hologram stored as a tif file. The experimental hologram is a U.S. Air Force test target downloaded from the [Submersible Holographic Astrobiology Microscope with Ultraresolution \(SHAMU\) project \[BBL+17\]](#). The values for pixel resolution, wavelength, and reconstruction distance are taken from the corresponding [Python example](#).

The object returned by the `get_qpimage <qpformat.file_formats.dataset.SingleData.get_qpimage()` function is an instance of `qpimage.QPImage` which allows for field refocusing. The refocused QPImage is background-corrected using a polynomial fit to the phase data at locations where the amplitude data is not attenuated (bright regions in the amplitude image).



`tif_hologram.py`

```
1 import urllib.request
2 import os
3
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5 import qpformat
6
7
8 # load the experimental data
```

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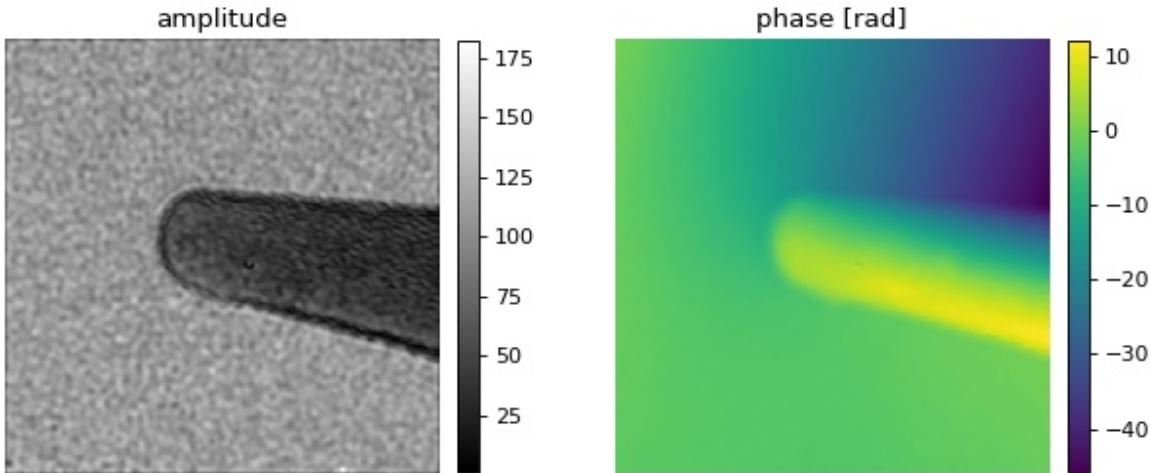
```

9 dl_loc = "https://github.com/bmorris3/shampoo/raw/master/data/"
10 dl_name = "USAF_test.tif"
11 if not os.path.exists(dl_name):
12     print("Downloading {}".format(dl_name))
13     urllib.request.urlretrieve(dl_loc + dl_name, dl_name)
14
15
16 ds = qpformat.load_data(dl_name,
17                         # manually set meta data
18                         meta_data={"pixel size": 3.45e-6,
19                                     "wavelength": 405e-9,
20                                     "medium index": 1},
21                         # set filter size to 1/2 (defaults to 1/3)
22                         # which increases the image resolution
23                         holo_kw={"filter_size": .5})
24
25 # retrieve the qpiimage.QPIImage instance
26 qpi = ds.get_qpiimage()
27 # refocus `qpi` to 0.03685m
28 qpi_foc = qpi.refocus(0.03685)
29 # perform an offset-based amplitude correction
30 qpi_foc.compute_bg(which_data="amplitude",
31                     fit_profile="offset",
32                     fit_offset="mode",
33                     border_px=10,
34                     )
35 # perform a phase correction using
36 # - those pixels that are not dark in the amplitude image (amp_bin) and
37 # - a 2D second order polynomial fit to the phase data
38 amp_bin = qpi_foc.amp > 1 # bright regions
39 qpi_foc.compute_bg(which_data="phase",
40                     fit_profile="poly2o",
41                     from_mask=amp_bin,
42                     )
43
44 # plot results
45 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 3.5))
46 # amplitude
47 ax1 = plt.subplot(121, title="amplitude")
48 map1 = plt.imshow(qpi_foc.amp, cmap="gray")
49 plt.colorbar(map1, ax=ax1, fraction=.0455, pad=0.04)
50 # phase in interval [-1rad, 1rad]
51 ax2 = plt.subplot(122, title="phase [rad]")
52 map2 = plt.imshow(qpi_foc.pha, vmin=-1, vmax=1)
53 plt.colorbar(map2, ax=ax2, fraction=.0455, pad=0.04)
54 # disable axes
55 [ax.axis("off") for ax in [ax1, ax2]]
56 plt.tight_layout()
57 plt.show()

```

## 3.2 HyperSpy hologram file format

This example demonstrates the import of hologram images in the HyperSpy hdf5 file format. The off-axis electron hologram shows an electrically biased Fe needle [MLFDB15]. The corresponding HyperSpy demo can be found [here](#).



`hyperspy_hologram.py`

```

1 import urllib.request
2 import os
3
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5 import qpformat
6
7 # load the experimental data
8 dl_loc = "https://github.com/hyperspy/hyperspy/raw/RELEASE_next_major/" \
9     + "hyperspy/misc/holography/example_signals/"
10 dl_name = "01_holo_Vbp_130V_0V_bin2_crop.hdf5"
11 if not os.path.exists(dl_name):
12     print("Downloading {} ...".format(dl_name))
13     urllib.request.urlretrieve(dl_loc + dl_name, dl_name)
14
15 ds = qpformat.load_data(dl_name,
16                         holo_kw={
17                             # reduces ringing artifacts in the amplitude image
18                             "filter_name": "smooth disk",
19                             # select correct sideband
20                             "sideband": -1,
21                         })
22
23 # retrieve the qpimage.QPImage instance
24 qpi = ds.get_qpimage(0)
25
26 # plot results
27 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 3.5))
28 # amplitude

```

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```

29 ax1 = plt.subplot(121, title="amplitude")
30 map1 = plt.imshow(qpi.amp, cmap="gray")
31 plt.colorbar(map1, ax=ax1, fraction=.0455, pad=0.04)
32 # phase in interval [-1rad, 1rad]
33 ax2 = plt.subplot(122, title="phase [rad]")
34 map2 = plt.imshow(qpi.pha)
35 plt.colorbar(map2, ax=ax2, fraction=.0455, pad=0.04)
36 # disable axes
37 [ax.axis("off") for ax in [ax1, ax2]]
38 plt.tight_layout()
39 plt.show()

```

### 3.3 Conversion of external file formats to .npy files

Sometimes the data recorded are not in a file format supported by qpformat or it is not feasible to implement a reader class for a very unique data set. In this example, QPI data, stored as a tuple of files ("\*\_intensity.txt" and "\*\_phase.txt") with commas as decimal separators, are converted to the numpy file format which is supported by qpformat.

This example must be executed with a directory as an command line argument, i.e. `python convert_txt2npy.py /path/to/folder/`

`convert_txt2npy.py`

```

1 import pathlib
2 import sys
3
4 import numpy as np
5
6
7 def get_paths(folder):
8     """Return *_phase.txt files in `folder`"""
9     folder = pathlib.Path(folder).resolve()
10    files = folder.rglob("*_phase.txt")
11    return sorted(files)
12
13
14 def load_file(path):
15     """Load a txt data file"""
16     path = pathlib.Path(path)
17     data = path.open().readlines()
18     # remove comments and empty lines
19     data = [ll for ll in data if len(ll.strip()) and not ll.startswith("#")]
20     # determine data shape
21     n = len(data)
22     m = len(data[0].strip().split())
23     res = np.zeros((n, m), dtype=np.dtype(float))
24     # write data to array, replacing comma with point decimal separator
25     for ii in range(n):
26         res[ii] = np.array(data[ii].strip().replace(",", ".").split(),
27                            dtype=float)
28

```

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```

29
30
31 def load_field(path):
32     """Load QPI data using *_phase.txt files"""
33     path = pathlib.Path(path)
34     phase = load_file(path)
35     inten = load_file(path.parent / (path.name[:-10] + "_intensity.txt"))
36     ampli = np.sqrt(inten)
37     return ampli * np.exp(1j * phase)
38
39
40 if __name__ == "__main__":
41     path = pathlib.Path(sys.argv[-1])
42     if not path.is_dir():
43         raise ValueError("Command line argument must be directory!")
44     # output directory
45     pout = path.parent / (path.name + "_npy")
46     pout.mkdir(exist_ok=True)
47     # get input *_phase.txt files
48     files = get_paths(path)
49     # conversion
50     for ff in files:
51         field = load_field(ff)
52         np.save(str(pout / (ff.name[:-10] + ".npy")), field)

```

## 3.4 Conversion of external holograms to .tif files

Qpformat can load hologram data from .tif image files. If your experimental hologram data are stored in a different file format, you can either request its implementation in qpformat by [creating an issue](#) or you can modify this example script to your needs.

This example must be executed with a directory as command line argument, i.e. `python convert_txt2tif.py /path/to/folder/`

`convert_txt2tif.py`

```

1 import pathlib
2 import sys
3
4 import numpy as np
5 from skimage.external import tifffile
6
7 # File names ending with these strings are ignored
8 # (these are files related to previous analyses)
9 ignore_endswith = ['.bmp', '.npy', '.opj', '.png', '.pptx', '.py', '.svg',
10                     '.tif', '.txt', '_RIdist', '_parameter', '_parameter_2',
11                     '_parameter_3', '_parameter_4', '_parameterdrymass',
12                     '_parameter_old', '_phase', 'n_array', 'n_array_1',
13                     'n_array_drymass1', 'n_array_drymass2', 'n_array_real',
14                     '~', '.dat']
15 # uncomment this line to keep background hologram files

```

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```
16 ignore_endswith += ['_bg']  
17  
18  
19 def get_paths(folder, ignore_endswith=ignore_endswith):  
20     """Return hologram file paths  
21  
22     Parameters  
23     -----  
24     folder: str or pathlib.Path  
25         Path to search folder  
26     ignore_endswith: list  
27         List of filename ending strings indicating which  
28         files should be ignored.  
29     """  
30  
31     folder = pathlib.Path(folder).resolve()  
32     files = folder.rglob("*.")  
33     for ie in ignore_endswith:  
34         files = [ff for ff in files if not ff.name.endswith(ie)]  
35     return sorted(files)  
36  
37 if __name__ == "__main__":  
38     path = pathlib.Path(sys.argv[-1])  
39     if not path.is_dir():  
40         raise ValueError("Command line argument must be directory!")  
41     # output directory  
42     pout = path.parent / (path.name + "_tif")  
43     pout.mkdir(exist_ok=True)  
44     # get input hologram files  
45     files = get_paths(path)  
46     # conversion  
47     for ff in files:  
48         # convert image data to uint8 (most image sensors)  
49         hol = np.loadtxt(str(ff), dtype=np.uint8)  
50         tifout = str(pout / (ff.name + ".tif"))  
51         # compress image data  
52         tifffile.imsave(tifout, hol, compress=9)
```

## CODE REFERENCE

### 4.1 module-level

```
qpformat.load_data(path, fmt=None, bg_data=None, bg_fmt=None, meta_data=None, holo_kw=None,  
                   as_type='float32')
```

Load experimental data

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – Path to experimental data file or folder
- **fmt** (*str*) – The file format to use (see *file\_formats.formats*). If set to *None*, the file format is guessed.
- **bg\_data** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – Path to background data file or *qpimage.QPImage*
- **bg\_fmt** (*str*) – The file format to use (see *file\_formats.formats*) for the background. If set to *None*, the file format is be guessed.
- **meta\_data** (*dict*) – Meta data (see *qpimage.meta.DATA\_KEYS*)
- **holo\_kw** (*dict*) – Keyword arguments for hologram data; See *qpimage.holo.get\_field()* for valid keyword arguments.
- **as\_type** (*str*) – Defines the data type that the input data is casted to. The default is “float32” which saves memory. If high numerical accuracy is required (does not apply for a simple 2D phase analysis), set this to double precision (“float64”).

**Returns** **dataobj** – Object that gives lazy access to the experimental data.

**Return type** *SeriesData* or *SingleData*

### 4.2 file format base classes

#### 4.2.1 SeriesData

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesData(path, meta_data=None, holo_kw=None, as_type='float32')  
Series data file format base class
```

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str or pathlib.Path*) – Path to the experimental data file.
- **meta\_data** (*dict*) – Dictionary containing meta data. see *qpimage.META\_KEYS*.

- **as\_type** (*str*) – Defines the data type that the input data is casted to. The default is “float32” which saves memory. If high numerical accuracy is required (does not apply for a simple 2D phase analysis), set this to double precision (“float64”).

**path**

pathlib.Path to data file or io.IOBase

**meta\_data**

Enforced metadata via keyword arguments

**holo\_kw**

Hologram retrieval; keyword arguments for `qpimage.holo.get_field()`.

**background\_identifier**

Unique string that identifies the background data that was set using `set_bg`.

**property identifier**

Return a unique identifier for the given data set

**property shape**

Return dataset shape (length, image0, image1).

This should be overridden by the subclass, because by default the first qpimage is used for that.

**get\_identifier** (*idx*)

Return an identifier for the data at index *idx*

Changed in version 0.4.2: indexing starts at 1 instead of 0

**get\_name** (*idx*)

Return name of data at index *idx*

Changed in version 0.4.2: indexing starts at 1 instead of 0

**get\_time** (*idx*)

Return time of data at index *idx*

Returns nan if the time is not defined

**get\_qpimage** (*idx*)

Return background-corrected QPIImage of data at index *idx*

**abstract get\_qpimage\_raw** (*idx*)

Return QPIImage without background correction

Note that this method must always return a QPIImage instance with the “identifier” metadata key set!

**saveh5** (*h5file*, *qpi\_slice=None*, *series\_slice=None*, *time\_interval=None*, *count=None*, *max\_count=None*)

Save the data set as an HDF5 file (qpimage.QPSeries format)

**Parameters**

- **h5file** (*str*, `pathlib.Path`, or `h5py.Group`) – Where to store the series data
- **qpi\_slice** (*tuple of (slice, slice)*) – If not None, only store a slice of each QPIImage in *h5file*. A value of None is equivalent to `(slice(0, -1), slice(0, -1))`.
- **series\_slice** (*slice*) – If None, save the entire series, otherwise only save the images specified by this slice.
- **time\_interval** (*tuple of (float, float)*) – If not None, only stores QPIImages that were recorded within the given time interval.

- **count** (*multiprocessing.Value*) – Can be used to monitor the progress of the algorithm. Initially, the value of *max\_count.value* is incremented by the total number of steps. At each step, the value of *count.value* is incremented.
- **max\_count** (*multiprocessing.Value*) – Can be used to monitor the progress of the algorithm. Initially, the value of *max\_count.value* is incremented by the total number of steps. At each step, the value of *count.value* is incremented.

## Notes

The series “identifier” meta data is only set when all of *qpi\_slice*, *series\_slice*, and *time\_interval* are None.

### `set_bg(dataset)`

Set background data

**Parameters** **dataset** (*DataSet*, *QPIImage*, or *int*) – If the `len(dataset)` matches `len(self)`, then background correction is performed element-wise. Otherwise, `len(dataset)` must be one and is used for all data of `self`.

**See also:**

[get\\_qpimage](#) obtain the background corrected QPIImage

### `abstract static verify(path)`

Verify that *path* has this file format

Returns *True* if the file format matches. The implementation of this method should be fast and memory efficient, because e.g. the “GroupFolder” file format depends on it.

## 4.2.2 SingleData

`class qpformat.file_formats.SingleData(path, meta_data=None, holo_kw=None, as_type='float32')`  
Single data file format base class

### Parameters

- **path** (*str* or *pathlib.Path*) – Path to the experimental data file.
- **meta\_data** (*dict*) – Dictionary containing meta data. see `qpimage.META_KEYS`.
- **as\_type** (*str*) – Defines the data type that the input data is casted to. The default is “`float32`” which saves memory. If high numerical accuracy is required (does not apply for a simple 2D phase analysis), set this to double precision (“`float64`”).

### `get_identifier(idx=0)`

Return an identifier for the data at index *idx*

Changed in version 0.4.2: indexing starts at 1 instead of 0

### `get_name(idx=0)`

Return name of data at index *idx*

Changed in version 0.4.2: indexing starts at 1 instead of 0

### `get_qpimage(idx=0)`

Return background-corrected QPIImage of data at index *idx*

### `abstract get_qpimage_raw(idx=0)`

QPIImage without background correction

**get\_time**(*idx=0*)

Time of the data

Returns nan if the time is not defined

**property identifier**

Return a unique identifier for the given data set

**saveh5**(*h5file*, *qpi\_slice=None*, *series\_slice=None*, *time\_interval=None*, *count=None*, *max\_count=None*)

Save the data set as an HDF5 file (qpimage.QPSeries format)

**Parameters**

- **h5file** (*str*, *pathlib.Path*, or *h5py.Group*) – Where to store the series data
- **qpi\_slice** (*tuple of (slice, slice)*) – If not None, only store a slice of each QPIImage in *h5file*. A value of None is equivalent to (*slice(0, -1)*, *slice(0, -1)*).
- **series\_slice** (*slice*) – If None, save the entire series, otherwise only save the images specified by this slice.
- **time\_interval** (*tuple of (float, float)*) – If not None, only stores QPIImages that were recorded within the given time interval.
- **count** (*multiprocessing.Value*) – Can be used to monitor the progress of the algorithm. Initially, the value of *max\_count.value* is incremented by the total number of steps. At each step, the value of *count.value* is incremented.
- **max\_count** (*multiprocessing.Value*) – Can be used to monitor the progress of the algorithm. Initially, the value of *max\_count.value* is incremented by the total number of steps. At each step, the value of *count.value* is incremented.

**Notes**

The series “identifier” meta data is only set when all of *qpi\_slice*, *series\_slice*, and *time\_interval* are None.

**set\_bg**(*dataset*)

Set background data

**Parameters** **dataset** (*DataSet*, *qpimage.QPIImage*, or *int*) – If the *len(dataset)* matches *len(self)*, then background correction is performed element-wise. Otherwise, *len(dataset)* must be one and is used for all data of *self*.

**See also:**

[get\\_qpimage](#) obtain the background corrected QPIImage

**property shape**

Return dataset shape (length, image0, image1).

This should be overridden by the subclass, because by default the first qpimage is used for that.

**abstract static verify**(*path*)

Verify that *path* has this file format

Returns *True* if the file format matches. The implementation of this method should be fast and memory efficient, because e.g. the “GroupFolder” file format depends on it.

**path**

*pathlib.Path* to data file or *io.IOBase*

**meta\_data**

Enforced metadata via keyword arguments

**holo\_kw**

Hologram retrieval; keyword arguments for `qpimage.holo.get_field()`.

**background\_identifier**

Unique string that identifies the background data that was set using `set_bg`.

## 4.3 file format readers

All file formats inherit from `qpformat.file_formats.SeriesData` (and/or `qpformat.file_formats.SingleData`).

### 4.3.1 SeriesFolder

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesFolder(*args, **kwargs)
```

Folder-based wrapper file format

```
is_series = True
```

```
storage_type
```

The storage type depends on the wrapped file format

```
property files
```

List of files (only supported file formats)

### 4.3.2 SeriesHDF5SinogramMeep

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesHDF5SinogramMeep(path, meta_data=None, *args, **kwargs)
```

sinograms extracted from Meep/FDTD simulations

I introduced this format in 2022 as part of my efforts to make the finite-difference time domain simulations from the ODTbrain manuscript [MSG15] publicly available.

The HDF5 file contains a “background” and a “sinogram” group. The subgroups of “sinogram” are enumerated starting with “0”. Each of them contain the complex “field” at a plane behind the scattering phantom as an HDF5 Dataset. The location of the plane (and all other relevant metadata) is stored in the attributes of this Dataset. In the same group, there are also the C++ “simulation\_code” and the log “simulation\_output” which can be used to reproduce the simulation.

Initialize with default wavelength of 500nm

```
is_series = True
```

```
storage_type = 'field'
```

### 4.3.3 SeriesHdf5HyperSpy

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesHdf5HyperSpy(path, meta_data=None, holo_kw=None,
                                                as_type='float32')
    HyperSpy hologram series (HDF5 format)
    HyperSpy has its own implementation to read this file format.
    is_series = True
    storage_type = 'hologram'
```

### 4.3.4 SeriesHdf5Qpimage

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesHdf5Qpimage(*args, **kwargs)
    Qpimage series (HDF5 format)
    is_series = True
    storage_type = 'phase,amplitude'
```

### 4.3.5 SeriesHdf5QpimageSubjoined

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesHdf5QpimageSubjoined(*args, **kwargs)
    Subjoined qpimage series (HDF5 format), may contain other data
    is_series = True
    storage_type = 'phase,amplitude'
```

### 4.3.6 SeriesZipTifHolo

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesZipTifHolo(*args, **kwargs)
    Off-axis hologram series (zipped TIFF files)
    The data are stored as multiple TIFF files (qpformat.file\_formats.SingleTifHolo) in a zip file.
    is_series = True
    storage_type = 'hologram'
    property files
        List of hologram data file names in the input zip file
```

### 4.3.7 SeriesZipTifPhasics

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SeriesZipTifPhasics(*args, **kwargs)
    Phasics series data (zipped "SID PHA*.tif" files)
    The data are stored as multiple TIFF files (qpformat.file\_formats.SingleTifPhasics) in a zip file.
    is_series = True
    storage_type = 'phase,intensity'
    property files
        List of Phasics tif file names in the input zip file
```

### 4.3.8 SingleHdf5Qpimage

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SingleHdf5Qpimage(*args, **kwargs)
    Qpimage single (HDF5 format)

    See the documentation of qpimage for more information.

    is_series = False
    storage_type = 'phase,amplitude'
```

### 4.3.9 SingleNpyNumpy

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SingleNpyNumpy(path, meta_data=None, holo_kw=None, as_type='float32')
    Numpy complex field or phase data (numpy binary format)

    The experimental data given in path consist of a single 2D ndarray (no pickled objects). The ndarray is either complex-valued (scattered field) or real-valued (phase).

    is_series = False
    storage_type
        Depending on input data type, the storage type is either “field” (complex) or “phase” (real).
```

### 4.3.10 SingleTifHolo

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SingleTifHolo(path, meta_data=None, holo_kw=None, as_type='float32')
    Off-axis hologram image (TIFF format)

    is_series = False
    storage_type = 'hologram'
```

### 4.3.11 SingleTifPhasics

```
class qpformat.file_formats.SingleTifPhasics(path, meta_data={}, *args, **kwargs)
    Phasics image (“SID PHA*.tif”)
```

#### Notes

- Only the processed phase data files are supported, i.e. TIFF file names starting with “SID PHA” exported by the commercial Phasics software.
- If the “wavelength” key in *meta\_data* is not set (units: [m]), then the wavelength is extracted from the xml data stored in tag “61238” of the tif file.

```
is_series = False
storage_type = 'phase,intensity'
```

## 4.4 exceptions

`exception qpformat.file_formats.MultipleFormatsNotSupportedError`

Used when a folder contains series file formats

(see [GitHub issue #1](#))

`exception qpformat.file_formats.UnknownFormatException`

Used when a file format could not be detected

**CHANGELOG**

List of changes in-between qpformat releases.

## **5.1 version 0.11.0**

- feat: implement FDTD/Meep reader for data from ODTbrain paper
- fix: remove call to deprecated Element.getchildren
- setup: bump qpimage from 0.6.2 to 0.7.4 (new metadata keys)

## **5.2 version 0.10.9**

- ref: minor code cleanup
- setup: remove unnecessary requirements from setup.py

## **5.3 version 0.10.8**

- fix: wavelength could not be extracted for some phasics files (section name “analyse data” vs “analyse data v1”)
- fix: time could not be parsed due to comma instead of dot in phasics meta data

## **5.4 version 0.10.7**

- ci: migrate to GHA
- docs: fix sphinx build
- setup: setup.py test is deprecated

## 5.5 version 0.10.6

- maintenance release

## 5.6 version 0.10.5

- setup: bump qpimage from 0.6.1 to 0.6.2
- setup: change dependency of scikit-image to tifffile 2020.5.25
- ref: make code work with latest version of tifffile

## 5.7 version 0.10.4

- setup: bump qpimage from 0.5.0 to 0.6.1

## 5.8 version 0.10.3

- fix: missing keyword argument *idx* in *SingleTifHolo.get\_time*
- fix: correctly pass precision to phasics and hologram zip file formats
- fix: add file size to dataset identifier hashing process
- example: add conversion script to hdf5 qpimage data

## 5.9 version 0.10.2

- fix: SeriesFolder did not pass on holo\_kw when loading hologram data

## 5.10 version 0.10.1

- fix: SeriesHdf5Qpimage did not correctly load meta data “time”

## 5.11 version 0.10.0

- feat: allow to specify a time interval or a series slice in SeriesData.saveh5
- fix: seek to zero before computing a data identifier for an io.IOBase object
- fix: only write series identifier in SeriesData.saveh5 if the keyword arguments for slice extraction are not set
- ref: fix deprecated .value (h5py)
- tests: fix date extraction from zip file

## 5.12 version 0.9.0

- feat: allow to specify a slice in SeriesData.saveh5 (useful when only a specific region needs to be extracted)

## 5.13 version 0.8.0

- feat: allow tracking the progress of SeriesData.saveh5 using multiprocessing.Value objects

## 5.14 version 0.7.1

- docs: fix missing changelog files

## 5.15 version 0.7.0

- feat: added command-line entry point “qpinfo”
- feat: support subjoined QPSeries file format
- docs: minor update

## 5.16 version 0.6.4

- fix: ignore None or nan values in given meta data

## 5.17 version 0.6.3

- enh: introduce BadFileFormatError

## 5.18 version 0.6.2

- maintenance release

## 5.19 version 0.6.1

- tests: fix bad identification of data types

## **5.20 version 0.6.0**

- BREAKING CHANGE: SeriesFolder file format does not load data files recursively anymore

## **5.21 version 0.5.1**

- fix: falsely detected datasets in SeriesFolder file format

## **5.22 version 0.5.0**

- feat: use file modification time as fallback for TIFF files when the file format does not implement *get\_time*
- fix: return “nan” instead of “0” when the time is not defined for a measurement

## **5.23 version 0.4.4**

- fix: SeriesFolder file format should not support folders containing no usable data
- fix: verify file format given by user

## **5.24 version 0.4.3**

- fix: “identifier” not always set for generated instances of QPImage

## **5.25 version 0.4.2**

- fix: implement *get\_name* method for SeriesFolder format
- enh: start identifier/name indexing at 1 instead of 0

## **5.26 version 0.4.1**

- fix: do not allow intensity values less than zero for SingleTifPhasics

## **5.27 version 0.4.0**

- feat: extract meta data from QPSeries/QPImage data files

## 5.28 version 0.3.5

- fix: single\_tif\_phasics (SID4Bio) contains two phase images, the second of which is recorded at a different time point than the intensity image. The first image is recorded in wavelengths and not in nanometers and thus is converted using phasics metadata first. If this metadata is not available, the second image is used.

## 5.29 version 0.3.4

- fix: qpimage file formats: override identifiers (clean solution)
- fix: add check for valid meta\_data keys
- docs: document attributes of SeriesData

## 5.30 version 0.3.3

- fix: qpimage file formats: identifiers were not unique, but simply copied from the input hdf5 file

## 5.31 version 0.3.2

- setup: add qpimage version dependency

## 5.32 version 0.3.1

- ci: automate PyPI release with travis-ci

## 5.33 version 0.3.0

- docs: automatically document all file format classes
- docs: add introduction and file format overview
- tests: improve coverage

## 5.34 version 0.2.1

- fix: regression when loading data from zip file

## 5.35 version 0.2.0

- drop support for Python 3.5
- fix: SeriesHdf5Qpimage blocked hdf5 file for reading
- fix: background datasets did not get hologram keyword arguments
- feat: allow to cast input data type (qpimage version 0.2.0)

## 5.36 version 0.1.6

- code cleanup

## 5.37 version 0.1.5

- fix: raw phasics tif files were not ignored in *SeriesFolder* (#3)
- feat: reduce length of dataset hashes to six chars for user convenience
- feat: switch order of name and index in identifier for user convenience

## 5.38 version 0.1.4

- feat: new file format for zipped hologram tif files
- feat: add “storage\_type” property describing which type of data is stored originally in a dataset
- feat: add hologram file formats: HyperSpy and tif-based
- fix: use hologram keyword arguments to generate dataset identifier

## 5.39 version 0.1.3

- feat: save memory by hard-linking background image data in QPSeries
- fix: format series and single hdf5: override raw meta data
- fix: include background data in determination of data set identifiers

## 5.40 version 0.1.2

- feat: change API for SingleData (“idx=0” for user convenience)
- feat: implement SeriesData.saveh5 (export as qpimage.QPSeries) (#2)
- feat: add unique part of file name to SeriesFolder image identifiers (#2)
- feat: extract identifiers from hdf5 files

## 5.41 version 0.1.1

- feat: support pathlib
- feat: add SeriesData.identifier

## 5.42 version 0.1.0

- initial release



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**CHAPTER  
SIX**

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**BILBLIOGRAPHY**



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CHAPTER  
**SEVEN**

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